

UPDATING OF PRECONDITIONERS FOR LARGE, SPARSE, NONSYMMETRIC LINEAR SYSTEMS

Jurjen Duintjer Tebbens and Miroslav Tůma

Institute of Computer Science, Czech Academy of Sciences,

CZ-182 07 Prague 8, Czech Republic,

e-mail: {tebbens,tuma}@cs.cas.cz

Keywords: nonsymmetric preconditioning, preconditioner updates, sequences of linear systems, permutations

Abstract

Many applications such as computational fluid dynamics, structural mechanics or numerical optimization ask for solving sequences of linear systems. If the computation of efficient preconditioners for the individual linear systems of the sequence is expensive, updating previous preconditioners can be very beneficial. This has been done for large and sparse systems, among others, by recycling subspaces in the context of Krylov subspace methods [4], with small rank updates in case of applying Quasi-Newton methods [2] or by means of diagonal updates for SPD systems arising from parabolic PDE's [1].

In this contribution we explain our extension of the approach from [1] to general nonsymmetric systems which was proposed in [3]. In addition, we address several issues that cannot be found in [3]: Theoretical results about the influence of diagonal dominance on the quality of our updates, block-wise implementation, new criteria for adaptive choice of update types, reordering of unknowns in finite volume discretization and the consequences for update performance, more general permutation strategies.

References

- [1] M. Benzi and D. Bertaccini: Approximate inverse preconditioning for shifted linear systems, BIT, Vol. 43, pp. 231–244, 2003.
- [2] L. Bergamaschi, R. Bru, A. Martínez and M. Putti: Quasi-Newton preconditioners for the inexact Newton method, ETNA, Vol. 23, pp. 76–87, 2006.
- [3] J. Duintjer Tebbens and M. Tůma: Efficient preconditioning of sequences of nonsymmetric linear systems, to appear in SIAM J. Sci. Comput. in 2007.
- [4] M. L. Parks, E. de Sturler, G. Mackey, D. D. Johnson and S. Maiti: Recycling Krylov subspaces for sequences of linear systems, SIAM J. Sci. Comput., Vol. 28, pp. 1651–1674, 2006.

Acknowledgement: This work is supported by the Program Information Society under project 1ET400300415 and by project number KJB100300703 of the Grant Agency of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic.